The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868. NO. 156.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
Comptroller of Public Accounts
OF THE STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA,
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1867

PUBLIC FUND—DISBURSEMENTS.

Statement "D."—(Concluded.)

1867.
Sept. Paid sundry Sheriffs, &c., for settling Taxes, as follows:

Geo Credle, Sh'f Hyde Co.	$ 48	
J W Hinson, Sh'f Duplin co	21	60
E Murrill, Sh'f Onslow co	36	
C Austin, Sh'f Union co	45	
G P Williams Sh'f Chatham co	7	40
Z F Rush, Sh'f Randolph co	27	40
Jones Mann, Sh'f Stanly co	39	
W H Gentry, Sh'f Alamance co	33	60
K H Worthy, Sh'f Moore co	20	
J H Davis, Sheriff Carteret co	20	10
N R Jones, Sh'f Warren co	18	80
E A Gupton, Sh'f Franklin co	15	40

Sundry Sheriffs on making return of vote on amended Constitution, as follows:

Thos Wilson, Sh'f Jones co	12	50
V V Richardson, Sh'f Columbus co	12	50
S A Kelly, Sh'f Davie co	12	50
J C Jones, Sh'f Alleghany co	27	50
J C Griffin, Sh'f Caswell co	7	50
W H Whitaker, Sh'f Rowan co	7	50
W T Crawford, Sh'f Martin co	12	50
D C McAulay, Sh'f Montgom'y co	17	50

Southern Express Co., for freight on Weights and Measures and on package for Pub. Treasurer 63 50

John Clark, for expenses in erecting the standard Weights and Measures in the Capitol of N. C. 58

H C Hesselbach, for standard Weights and Measures 342 58

Saml McD. Tate, on account of state subscription to Western N. C. Railroad Co. 750,000

W W Telegraph Co., telegrams sent and received during the month of August, by Executive and Public Treasurer 114 36

Thos Bashford, for 21 nights as Watchman in Capitol 46 50

Tarboro' Southerner, for advertising Commissioners of Claims 4

R F Waring, for advertising Com. of Claims 5

John A Young, for transmitting Judicial appointment to Hon. Alex Little 46

R Sterling & Son, for advertising Treasurer's notice to Sheriffs, and Governor's Proclamation 7

W W Holden & Son, for advertising Treasurer's notice to Sheriffs, &c 5

Central Office, for printing for Treasury and Executive Department 27

H C Cowan, for furnishing and painting Geological Room 80 25

So. Express Co., for freight on sundry packages 5 35

Progress office, for advertising Treasurer's notice to Sheriffs, &c 4 50

Hamill & Booker, for white washing two Rooms in Capitol

Newbern Republican office, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Collectors 4

Goldsboro' News, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Col. 4

Helper & Chapin, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Col. 4

Lenoir Hanes, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Col. 6

North Carolinian, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Col. 5

American Bank Note Co., engraving Seals for Treas. Dept., Press for Seal and Box 35

Raleigh Gas Light Co., gas consumed in Capitol from August 1, to Sept. 1st 8 80

N C Argus, advertising notice to Sheriffs, &c 4 50

Sentinel office, for printing report of Commissioners of Claims 222

L V Bynn, advertising notice to Sheriffs, &c 5

Geo M Mathe, advertising notice to Sheriffs, &c 4

Messrs. Hearne & Biggs, advertising notice to Sheriffs, &c 6

J H Cox, for expenses in carrying message from the Governor of N. C., from Washington, N. C., to Chief Justice Pearson 7

Goldsboro' Star, advertising notice to Sheriffs, &c 4

B M Smith, for advertising State Bonds 10 50

Lincoln Courier, advertising notice to Sheriffs and Tax Col. 5 60

J W Johnston, for 16 days service in surveying the public lots in and around Raleigh 80

T Utley, for 14 days as chain bearer on survey of public lots, 17 50

G W Fentress, for 14 days as chain bearer on survey of public lots, 17 50

Biblical Recorder, for advertising notice to sheriffs, &c. 5

W R Hicks, for binding 3 law volumes for State Library, 3

New Bern Journal of Commerce, folding, stitching and packing two proceedings of the N C R R and to printing 600 extra 15

STATEMENT

Showing the gross tax for the year 1866, derived from the several subjects of taxation in the counties of the State, the returns of which are on file in this Department, including the counties of Iredell and Robeson, the taxes of which were settled prior to October 1st, 1866. The sheriffs of the counties of Halifax and Orange failed to make settlement within the fiscal year, ending September 30th, 1867.

No. 1—ALAMANCE COUNTY.

J. W. Murray, Sheriff.

STATE TAXES.

Land,	$ 1,409 81
Town Property	40 79
White Polls	812
Colored Polls	486
Money due or on hand	113 12
Watches	68 20
Harps and Pianos	16
Pleasure Carriages	99 65
Salaries and Fees,	118
Income,	33
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	137 10
Merchandize	62 85
Peddlers' Merchandize,	31 67
Express Companies,	55 45
Studs and Jacks	58
Auctioneers	6 84
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	69
Collateral Inheritance	146 16
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	150
Liquor Distillers	100 25
Marriage Licenses	34
Gross amount,	$ 4,304 83

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes,	$ 8,665 72

No. 2—ALEXANDER COUNTY.

J. T. Perry, Sheriff.

STATE TAXES.

Land,	617 42
Town Property	21 65
White Polls,	448
Colored Polls	78
Money due or on Land	32 70
Watches and other Plated Ware	6 25
Harps and Pianos	9
Pleasure Carriages	7 25
Merchandize,	26 47
Patent Medicines,	30
Studs and Jacks	86
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	28
Liquor Distillers	22 60
Marriage Licenses	49 85
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c	8
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	1
Gross Amount,	$ 1,434 09

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes,	$ 1,398 05

No. 3—ALLEGHANY COUNTY.

J. C. Jones, Sheriff.

STATE TAXES.

Land,	$ 327 25
White Polls	297
Colored Polls	39
Money due or on hand	24 25
Income	1 40
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	11 50
Studs and Jacks	34
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	28
Marriage Licenses	36
Gross Amount,	$ 761 40

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes,	$ 1,170 47

No. 4.—ANSON COUNTY.

G. B. Threadgill, Sheriff.

STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,519 24
Town Property	79 23
White Polls	606
Colored Polls	711
Money due or on hand	109 34
Watches	89 48
Harps and Pianos	33
Pleasure Carriages	147 51
Salaries and Fees	11
Income	15
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	132
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents,	95 67
Toll Gates, Ferries and Bridges	131
Merchandize	250 68
Ready-Made Clothing	50 76
Studs and Jacks	14
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	98
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	200
Marriage Licenses	67
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c	1
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	5
Gross Amount,	$ 4,353 91

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes,	$ 4,911 75

(To be continued.)

EDUCATIONAL.

Select Boarding and Day School,

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES NASH & Miss KOLLOCK'S School will commence Feburary 7th, 1868, and close June 20th, (twenty-two weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.
Nov 20—3m

Kittrell's Springs Female College.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868.

The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a family of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

Terms MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the South. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can, as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people, in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to
REV. C. B. RIDDICK, President,
Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs, N C

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THE SECOND TERM OF THE CURRENT SESSION will commence on the 15th February and continue until the 26th June next.

For Catalogue, containing terms, &c., Address,
REV. R. BURWELL & SON,
Jan 31-148-td Charlotte, N. C.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CARY, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.
July 17-292-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.
Sept. 28—45—tf.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
37 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.
Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velourines Delaines, Mousselines single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Lace, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Boldrin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., Chinas and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks French Merino, Bombazine, Tiboss, Canton Cloth, Bergetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velourines, Persian Cloths, Bombines, Chaillies, Alpacca and Mohair, all of the very best Lourin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Mull Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Long Cloths, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Lapted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent shirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Linen Sheetings, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Check Osnaburgs, Ticklings, Denims, Hickney, Hackery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assetts exceeding **$5,500,000.**
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address
JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72—f

SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!

At **Moss'**, two doors above Market, to suit all ages.

New glasses fitted to old frames.

Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to MOSS', to be repaired.
Dec. 20—114-tf

For Sale.

THE VIRGINIA BOOT & SHOE POLISH, said to be a very superior article.
Jan 11—131-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CORN!

ANOTHER lot to-day received, and for sale by
Jan 29-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREER, NEAL & Co.,
J. D. NEAL. GEO. H. FREER. THO. W. TE.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. E. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.
Oct. 9—tf

ESTABLISHED 1851.
KADER BIGGS, JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS' SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the **SECOND EDITION** of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $3 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and illustrated newspapers of the day.
JAS H. ENNISS,
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.
For sale by
J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

SEWING MACHINES!
SINGER'S NEW FAMILY
MACHINES!
CAN BE HAD AT
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES
By Calling upon the Agency in Raleigh,
OVER THE MESSRS. TUCKER & SON'S STORE.

THE superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either family use or manufacturing purposes, are so well established, and their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

The machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light-running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single machine,—using either silk, twist, linen or cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the VERY FINEST and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner.
W. H. CROW & SONS,
Jan 27-149-1m Agents.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 9, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 23-304-tf

Wake Forest College.

THE SPRING TERM opens on the 20th day of January, and closes on the second Thursday in June.

Tuition per session of five months, in the Collegiate Course, $35
Tuition, in Preparatory School, 20
Room rent and servant's fee (each) 2
Board (table fare) per week $2 50 to 3
Washing and fuel are held on reasonable terms.
Apply for Catalogue to
W. BOTALL,
Dec. 16—111-dawx2m Sec. Faculty.

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY," received this morning. A supply always on hand.
Jan 25-141-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | **JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.**

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over **$500,000** of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT ISSUE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is seven deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 34
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 19
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For farther information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE!

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most
LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.
Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. **CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.**

Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building.
Raleigh, Dec. 30—115-3m

THE MOST IMPORTANT
Agricultural Improvement of the Age!
THE WILLIAMS UTILITY PLOW.
PATENTED AUGUST 1867.

AS A CULTIVATOR OF ALL YOUNG CROPS it is unsurpassed, unequalled. By its use, Hoeing is dispensed with. It possesses all the advantages of FOUR different styles of Plows, at a saving of more than one half the cost.

State and county rights of this Plow may be obtained of
W. B. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan 2-143-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. G. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in Federal Courts, all the State Courts, and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Is prepared to collect claims in any portion of this State.

Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.
Jan. 10—130-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.
FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.
Dec. 18—115-3m

WANTED

A situation as TEACHER by a young lady, who is prepared to give instruction in the different English branches and the French language. Letters addressed to "EDITORS SENTINEL" will receive attention.
Jan. 4 125-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF SHIRT STUDS AND Sleeve Buttons.
T. V. MOSS,
Dec 21 2 doors above the Market

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

100 pounds Swedes and Refined Iron.
1,000 pounds Hoop Iron.
For sale Low for Cash.
J. BROWN,
Jan 22-139-tf With Hart & Lewis.

CORN! CORN!!

A SMALL LOT OF PRIME CORN TO-DAY receiving by
DOUGLAS BELL,
Jan 6-143-tf Fayetteville St.

CHEAP AND PERMANENT FERTILIZERS!

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL CASH ORDERS for any quantity of
SHELL LIME
At $7,50 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.,
Fresh Ground Plaster, at $14,00 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.
No Extra Charge made for bags or Drayage.
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
Jan. 17-150-1-o Portsmouth, Va.
Register copy.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY
SAY VIA R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated not are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight
R O U T E,
VIA THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freight, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line Route, Shippers and consignees will mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach-st., Office 187, Greenwich St., Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, Superintendent.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annamessic) Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, at N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Pool Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, of Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 9 Light-street Wharf.
A. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6 3654 Freight Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14th, 1867.

On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	5 10 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10 30 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	7 50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	5 00 P. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	5,00 P. M.

The Mail Trains run through connection with all points North.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—59-tf Supt. of Transportation.
☞ Register and Standard copy.

HARDWARE &c.

BRIGGS & DODD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISH
COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS
ALSO
Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Belting Etc.,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
Nov. 7—75-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF Linseed, Cotton-Seed, Sperm, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,
Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.
A general assortment of HARDWARE.
Jan 22-139-tf BRIGGS & DODD.

TRADE FOR 1868.
No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS,
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
Which will be sold low for cash.
Just to hand, Sew and Comet Burners and Chimneys.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

COFFEE! COFFEE!!

RIO, LAGUIRA AND JAVA, JUST RECEIVED and for sale, very cheap, by the sack.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Jan. 23—143-tf Fayetteville Street.

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

JUST RECEIVED A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Downs & Co's. celebrated
Deep-Well, Cistern, Force and Lift
P U M P S,
Which we offer on reasonable terms.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 22-139-tf

GARDEN TOOLS!
At 44 Fayetteville Street.

Garden Rakes, Spading Forks,
Garden Hoes, Grubbing Hoes,
Garden Trowels, Spades & Shovels,
Hedge Shears, Rake & Forks.
J. BROWN.
Jan 30-149-tf With Hart & Lewis.

HARDWARE TRADE—1868.

CAST IRON HEATING STOVES, AIR TIGHT Heating Stoves, Cooking Stoves, assorted sizes.
ALSO
Stove Pipe made to order at short notice. Sold low for cash.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Jan. 9—tf With Hart & Lewis.

CORN! CORN!!

500 BUS. CLEAN AND WHITE.
Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1 00
Six months	4 0
One year	8 0
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4,00
" " six months	2.00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 0
" six months	1,00

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868.

GOVERNOR GRAHAM'S SPEECH.

Our readers are aware, that the very able and statesman-like speech of Hon. W. A. Graham, delivered on Wednesday last, before the Conservative Convention, on assuming the position of permanent Chairman, to which he was unexpectedly, but unanimously, called, was requested by the Convention for publication.

It is not uncommon for Gov. Graham to make an impressive speech, but, perhaps, he never before, *impromptu*, delivered a more lucid and powerful argument, a more apposite and peculiarly well adapted speech, to be read by friend and foe, suited to all classes and to be made a campaign document of. His points were not only well taken, but were admirably sustained throughout.—While its arguments were searching and forcible, its strong ideas expressed in words that burned, there was not a harsh, infelicitous or irritating word in the whole speech. Nothing could better illustrate the purity, the dignity, and the high conservative character of the speaker, than the brave, bold, terse words, which fell from his lips. Never, perhaps, did his fellow citizens feel prouder of Wm. A. Graham, than on that occasion.

Mr. Graham will, we do not doubt, at his earliest leisure, prepare the speech for publication, after which it will find an early place in the daily, semi-weekly and weekly *Sentinel*. Every Conservative paper in the State will, no doubt, publish it at once. But besides this, we presume, the State Executive Committee will make arrangements for issuing it in pamphlet form for general circulation. It was, we suppose, with this view, that the Convention deemed it unnecessary to issue an address to the people.

We have not consulted the Committee, but we take it for granted, that it will cause a large number to be printed. There should be from one to five hundred copies circulated in every County in the State. This, of course, will require a considerably outlay of money, and other necessary measures must be provided for at an early day. We, therefore, beg leave to suggest to gentlemen, who can, with convenience, spare any amount for the objects of the campaign before us, not to wait to receive a personal appeal from the Committee, but at once to forward to the Chairman, Gov. Bragg, of this City, a contribution to this important object.

BLACK SATURDAY.

The proceedings in the great "so-called" grow richer, as the session advances and the designs of the majority more clearly develop themselves. Richer—did we say? Rather,—as was declared, by Mr. Abbott, himself, on the floor, on Saturday,—more discreditable and disgraceful.

The scenes on Saturday were positively disgusting,—exhibiting a confusion in the proceedings, a wilful or ignorant disregard of parliamentary rules, a nauseating familiarity, on the part of the negroes, towards their *equals*, and a tyrannical and contemptible exercise of power, on the part of the majority, that made it an unusually *black* day in the history of this *black* concern.

It will be observed that the Committee on Privileges and Elections reported in favor of ousting Mr. Marler, the Conservative delegate from Yadkin, and forcing in J. M. Marshall, Radical. We know nothing of the facts upon which the report is based.—Doubtless none exist; the solution of the whole matter is to be found in Mr. Marler's staunch and honest Conservatism. We will not doubt that Gen. Canby, to whom the matter will be referred, will do justice in the premises.

In the case of Mr. Williams, of Sampson, which was also re-reported upon, it is alleged that several persons, by the name of Hall, were voted for, and all the votes thus cast were, in the opinion of this honest Committee, intended for Lorenzo Dow Hall, (Phœbus! what a name!) Mr. Williams, in his remarks, effectually disposed of this shameful subterfuge, which is, in itself, directly in conflict with the order of the District Commander himself. We can imagine that Mr. Abbott winced under Mr. Durham's recital of the conversation between them, relative to the eligibility of members, (an abstract of which is given in our report of proceedings,) and no amount of squirming or special pleading can palliate such shameful party trickery.

But the cream of the proceedings was in connection with the Bill of Rights and the question of inherent equality between all men. We have heretofore discussed this question at length and exposed the infidel Radical theory on this point. We are willing to modify our own views, however, so far as to admit the equality, original or otherwise, of negroes and some white folks. In this connection it is particularly noticeable what a flutter Mr. Graham's amendment, on the subject of intermarriage, occasioned. Try them again, Mr. Graham.—Don't let the *mongrels* dodge!

GOV. VANCE AND BENNING'S Georgia Brigade seem to be regarded as synonymous terms in the estimation of the "black and tan" paper of this city. A friend informs us that, in its abuse of Gov. Vance, it intimates that when Gov. Vance left this city, by the advice of his friends, on the approach of Gen. Sherman's army, he retreated hastily. The editor must have forgotten his hasty retreat for the Governor's Mansion, to seek the protection of Gov. Vance, which he breathlessly entered at the "South Front," at the time that some of Benning's Brigade attacked his office. It is said his coat tail stood off from his breeches, at an angle of 45 degrees.

THE PRESIDENT AND GEN. GRANT

Within a few days, the papers, North, have contained an unfinished correspondence between the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, and the General of the army, U. S. Grant, drawn from Mr. Stanton by a call of the House. It is too voluminous for our columns.

The correspondence discloses a melancholy state of things, involving a direct question of veracity between those two distinguished functionaries. No partizan proclivities could induce us to do injustice to either, but every impartial reader can but conclude that the correspondence is damaging to Gen. Grant. It originated in the conduct of Gen. Grant, in giving place to Mr. Stanton, after the President had received from Gen. Grant, as the President alleges, a pledge to resign his position as Secretary of War, *ad interim*, in time to allow the President to appoint his successor before the Senate's action upon the case, or to hold on until the claim of Mr. Stanton could be legally vindicated or otherwise determined.

Subsequently to Gen. Grant's giving place to Mr. Stanton, the President verbally instructed Gen. Grant, not to respect any order from Mr. Stanton, unless he was assured it was by the order of the President. General Grant afterwards required written instructions from the President to that effect, which the President gave.—The next step in the controversy is that Gen. Grant calls the attention of the President to the "gross misrepresentations" of the *Intelligencer* and correspondents of other papers, which he alleges are untrue and damaging to him. The President replies, in an elaborate and pungent letter, in which he affirms that the alleged misrepresentations of the press are not false, but substantially correct, and then proceeds to give a full and carefully drawn history of the whole case, which, he affirms, will be vouched for by four members of his Cabinet. In addition to this, the President affirms that Gen. Grant had expressed his determination to urge Stanton to resign.—The reply of Gen. Grant to the President, it seems, was sent with the other correspondence, by Mr. Stanton, to the House, about the time that it reached the President, thus cutting off the President from replying, in time to have his rejoinder go in with the other correspondence. Gen. Grant's letter shows chagrin, bad temper and an evident foreboding of the odds against him. Any attempt to justify his course, Gen. Grant feels, is hopeless, and, therefore, he flatly denies the President's statements, although he knew that the President was prepared to prove them. The reply of the President, accompanied by a separate statement from Messrs. Wells, Browning, Randall and McCulloch, sustaining his positions, has been forwarded to Gen. Grant, but not yet published. That letter, we judge, will not leave Gen. Grant an inch of ground to stand upon. The results of the correspondence will be disastrous to Gen. Grant, and his public career will doubtless terminate, just as we expected it would when he threw himself, against his own convictions of right and his previous patriotic utterances, into the arms of the Radicals. The friends of Chief Justice Chase will chuckle over it, believing that it must give him the vantage ground in the contest before the Chicago Convention, as the candidate of the Radicals.

NEGRO GOVERNORS, &c.

Too much portent cannot be attached to the action of the so called Convention, on Friday, in rejecting Mr. Durham's amendments to the Article of the proposed Constitution, concerning the "Governor and other Executive Officers." Those amendments provided, first, that no negro, or person of mixed blood, shall be eligible as Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the good old State of North Carolina, and, second, that no one shall be eligible who cannot read and write. Both of these were voted down,—the Radicals, in solid phalanx, voting against them. We beg to call the attention of the Conservative Canvassers in the respective Counties to this most significant record. Let it be trumpeted, from one end of the State to the other, that the Radicals of this "Convention" have solemnly declared, by their votes, that they are willing to see the Gubernatorial chair *filled by a negro*, and the Senate of North Carolina *presided over by a negro*—even though those negroes may NOT BE ABLE TO READ AND WRITE! So roll on the wheels of crazy "progress"—crushing, or essaying to crush, beneath them, in the very dust of degradation, the men of the race which has built up this great government and made it what it is. Negro Governors, negro Congressmen, negro militia, with white men under negro officers, and negro juries,—all these are within the Radical programme.—What white man, in North Carolina, worthy of the name, will act with such a vile and detestable party!

THE SPEECH OF GOV. VANCE.—Very general enquiry has been made of us, if we would not publish Gov. Vance's speech.—Numerous and popular as the speeches delivered by him have been, we have repeatedly heard the opinion expressed, by those who have heard Gov. Vance often, that his speech, on Thursday, before the Convention, was equal, if not superior, as an effective, able, rousing speech, to most of his previous efforts. For sharp-pointedness, bold and striking figure, biting sarcasm and overpowering humor, it was inimitable. But Gov. Vance's speeches cannot be reported by any one but himself, and even he would have to reproduce them upon the rostrum, to do himself justice. It would give us great pleasure to publish his speech, if he would consent to write it out for publication, and nothing would more gratify our numerous readers.

In London a man was pushed and dragged upon the scaffold, shrieking terribly, and declaring his innocence. After he was hanged, it was clearly shown that he was innocent. The trouble was he had no money to pay for the services of a lawyer.

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

SATURDAY, Feb. 8, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Logan, of the Convention.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. McDonald, of Moore, presented a petition in regard to a divorce. Referred.

Mr. Abbott, a communication from W. D. Pearsall, of Duplin county. Referred.

Mr. Legg, a communication from Cooper Huggins. Referred.

Mr. Abbott submitted a report from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to the effect that J. M. Marshall was entitled to a seat in this body, *vice* J. G. Marler, the present occupant, and directing the Secretary to communicate with Gen. Canby, in regard to the matter.

Also another report, in regard to the case of Mr. Williams, of Sampson, recommending that one Hall be admitted, instead of Mr. Williams.

Mr. Forkner moved the acceptance of the first report, and it was agreed to.

A similar motion was made for the adoption of the second report.

Mr. Williams said that when he first came to this place, he did not intend to make any remarks, whatever, but after the gross misrepresentation, on the part of the Committee on Elections, he could not sit quietly in his seat and hear the right of his people questioned, in regard to voting for whom they pleased. I do not, (said he,) defend my right to the seat for my own sake, but I regard it as belonging to my constituents; therefore, I will not, without resisting in every way in my power, see their rights outraged in my person.

The Committee has no shadow of evidence for such a proceeding, except that of a *hear say* kind. They might have heard what old uncle Bob said he heard old uncle Virgil wife's uncle's first cousin had said. Why were the Committee so hasty to offer a report the other day? Did they not show their perfect willingness to snatch at any evidence that would offer itself?

The main feature of the evidence brought before the Committee is that only two adult Halls live in the county. Sir, I can prove, by the affidavits of the best men in the county, that there are twenty, if not more. Not only can I do this, but I can prove by the poll-holders of 4 precinct, that Randal Hall was voted for by people who, there and then, stated a knowledge of the fact that Randal Hall was not a candidate, but claimed the right, and did exercise the right, of voting as they pleased. But now this Committee are trying to force their votes upon L. D. Hall.

Sir, I know I have no hope in this body of having a fair and impartial investigation of facts, but I will not tamely submit to be cheated out of my rights as a freeman and the representative of the people of Sampson County. I will contest this matter to the bitter end; if I cannot succeed in *forcing* justice from this body, I will contest it all the way to Charleston; and, if General Canby heeds the representations of this Committee, without better or more substantial and legal evidence than has as yet been produced, then I say he is not fit to be monarch of North Carolina.

Mr. Abbott said he had no personal feeling in the matter, and was sorry that Mr. Williams should be put to this inconvenience. Mr. A. read various letters from Col. Frank, and General Canby, in regard to the matter.

Mr. Durham said that Gen. Abbott and himself had a conversation, some time ago, concerning the ineligibility of certain men in this body, (*certain Republicans,*) and that he (Mr. A.) thought the thing should be passed over as not only Messrs Williams and Marler might be reached, but some members of the Radical party; and when a resolution was introduced to investigate the claims of those persons, the Conservatives all voted to lay it on the table.—They had understood it to be an agreement, as the Chairman of the Committee on Elections and Privileges, (Mr. A.) had to that effect expressed himself. But now they had specially sprung the cases of Messrs. Marler and Williams, because they were Conservative gentlemen and in a hopeless minority. Mr. Williams had received no notice from the Committee, and, until last night, had never been summoned before it. It had not been allowed him to bring in rebutting testimony, and the main feature in the evidence of the Committee was that there are only two Halls in the county, when Mr. Williams can prove that there are twenty. Why did not the Committee send for persons and papers, and give a fair trial?—There are Radical members on this floor who were disabled from holding their seats by the Reconstruction Acts; and the general resolution, investigating the rights of certain persons to their seats, was voted down, with an understanding that the whole thing should go by default; yet, in the face of that agreement, Radical gentlemen on this floor take advantage of their *power* to expel, without proper and legal evidence, a couple of Conservative gentlemen, and pass over the fact that there were Radicals here who were *notoriously ineligible*, on several counts.

Mr. D. said that, in view of what had passed,—the agreement being made to table the resolution investigating the claims of those that could be lawfully disputed—he would move to lay the report on the table.

Mr. Tourgee moved the previous question, claiming that a motion of that kind took precedence of a motion to table.

A strong effort was made to clap on the gag-law, but the House refused to sustain it.

The motion to table was put and lost.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) denied that such an agreement existed.

Ditto Hood, (negro.)

Mr. Abbott entered into an explanation.

Mr. Durham disclaimed any intention to reflect upon Mr. Abbott's personal honor.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, contended that the resolution voted down did not apply to the cases now under discussion.

Mr. Pool moved to recommit the report, with instructions to send for persons and papers. Carried.

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, from the Committee on Homesteads, reported in regard to an ordinance relative to Relief, introduced by Mr. Franklin, asking to be discharged from its further consideration, (report adopted) and a printed majority report on Homesteads; which lies over.

Mr. Robbins presented a report from the Committee on Judiciary, which was made the special order for Tuesday next, at 12 o'clock.

RESOLUTIONS, ORDINANCES, &c.

Mr. Sweet, a resolution that all reports of Committees, embracing Constitutional propositions, shall be read three times—the second time for consideration, and the third time for final passage; and on these two readings the yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal.

Rules suspended and resolution adopted.

Mr. Bradley, an ordinance in favor of the Sheriff of Alleghany county. Lies over.

Mr. Congleton moved that his resolution, discussion yesterday, (relative to asking a loan of Congress,) be referred to a select committee of five. Agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The report of the Standing Committee on Preamble and Bill of Rights came up.

Mr. Heaton moved to insert, between the words "are" and "endowed," in the 2nd. line, the words "created equal and that they are."

[This would make the first section of the Bill of Rights read: "That we hold, &c., that all men are created equal and that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, &c.]

This created a lively discussion between Mr. Heaton and Mr. Jones, of Washington.

Mr. Tourgee moved to amend by striking out, in the 1st. line, "That we hold it to be self-evident," and 2nd. line strike out "are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights," and insert "are created free and equal in rights, certain of which are inalienable."

Mr. Abbott opposed Mr. Tourgee's amendment, and would support the one offered by Mr. Heaton.

Hood (negro) arose and proceeded to reply to the remarks of Mr. Jones, of Washington, who opposed Mr. Heaton's amendment. Hood contended that no one, under the Constitution of the United States, could be born a slave: The slave holder robbed the cradle.

The Rev. Mr. Welker entered into a dissertation upon the original equality of all men.

The Rev. Mr. May said the instrument would read just according to the view we took of the political equality of men, (and so on to the end of the chapter.)

The Rev. Mr. Ashley thought that there was no essential difference in the language, and, besides, Theology was being run into politics. He wished to use the language of the fathers; he was *opposed to innovation, in reference to this matter*. He did not wish an interpretation, but he wished to have the very language used in that immortal instrument of the fathers.

Mr. Tourgee withdrew his amendment, in order to allow Mr. Nicholson to introduce the following substitute for section 1st:

"That all men are born *free* and equal in natural rights. Some of these rights are inalienable, and, among them, the right to life, to liberty, to property and to the pursuit of happiness; none of which can rightfully be surrendered or taken away, or abridged, in respect to any person, except in such measures as may be necessary to reconcile them with the equal rights of others, or in punishment for crime."

Harris, of Wake, (negro) was surprised that opposition to the report of the Committee came from the source which it did, (Mr. Jones, of Washington.) He wanted the language of the Declaration of Independence, and, therefore, opposed the substitute of Mr. Nicholson.

Mr. Abbott hoped the amendment of Mr. Heaton would be adopted, and the others voted down.

Mr. Sweet concurred with Mr. Abbott, and to illustrate the point, related a "yarn."

Mr. Jones, of Washington, again reiterated his views, and thought the substitute covered the whole ground. He would support it.

Mr. Tourgee spoke in support of the substitute.

Mr. Heaton hoped the different amendments would be voted down, and his adopted, thereby using the language of the Declaration of Independence.

Harris, of Wake, (negro) called the previous question.

Mr. Tourgee wished to know if the gag law was to be administered on all occasions?

The call was sustained.

The question recurred on Mr. Nicholson's substitute. Mr. Tourgee called for the yeas and nays, which, being called, the vote stood: yeas 10, nays 84.

Mr. Heaton's amendment was then adopted.

Mr. Heaton wished to make a verbal correction.

Mr. Tourgee objected, as the previous question had been called, and he wished now to carry out the gag law.

The Chair sustained him, and Mr. Heaton appealed from the decision. The appeal was sustained.

Mr. Heaton then moved to make the word "inalienable" read "unalienable,"—Adopted.

Mr. Heaton moved to amend again.

Mr. Tourgee called him to order, as the previous question had been called.

The Chair sustained him, and Mr. Heaton again appealed from the decision. The appeal was sustained.

Mr. Abbott thought the Chair right, but such proceedings were *disreputable and disgraceful*.

Mr. Tourgee said *that this enforcement of a gag law* was disgraceful, but, if gentlemen would have it, he wished to make them chew the gag.

Mr. Heaton withdrew his motion to amend, as he would do it on the 3d. reading.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) characterized. *Mr. Tourgee as the young Solon from Guilford!*

Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to amend by adding, at the end of the section: "But marriage between white and colored persons is forever prohibited."

Mr. G. called for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Heaton said he must insist upon the previous question, that had been called; therefore the question was upon the section as amended.

Mr. Durham said the decisions of the chair had been set aside, *in regard to other amendments*.

The President said he would take the sense of the House, whether the previous question should prevail now or not. He thought the amendment could not be offered. The House sustained him, (*hear!*)

The section was then adopted, as amended.

On motion, the House adjourned in great confusion.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—The New York *Journal of Commerce* thus concludes a long and able article on the subject of negro suffrage:

"What right have we at the North to do anything about this question of negro suffrage at the South? None, whatever. If we plead the law of force we reject the Constitution, which is our safeguard here at home. The unconstitutionality of these measures is now confessed in the broadest light of the day by the revolutionary efforts of Congress to prevent a decision of the Supreme Court on them. No one pretends now that they are constitutional. Therefore these negro suffrage laws are to be regarded as wrongs to the whole country, as wrongs to the negro himself; fatal in their effects on the welfare of the black race, and likely to be more deadly in their effects on liberty in general, since they are leading to the destruction of the Constitution, the noblest monument of freedom hitherto devised by men."

JOHNSON ON GRANT.—A telegram to the Western press states that the President said, in a conversation on Saturday, that he would give $10,000 out of his own pocket if the American people could have seen General Grant at the Cabinet meeting on Friday while questions were being put to him about his action in the Stanton matter. He never saw a man look meaner or more humiliated. "He is not a big man," said Mr. Johnson, "either mentally, morally, or physically; but before he had answered the questions we put to him, he seemed to have shrivelled up into no bigger than my fist."

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.—It is reported—on how good authority deponent saith not—that the Senate Judiciary Committee are not favorably disposed towards the Supreme Court bill. Mr. Trumbull is quoted as against it; and if this be true, its chances of becoming a law are beautifully and encouragingly small.—*Wash. Letter in N. Y. Times.*

The New York *Tribune* speculates as to "the future of the Radical party." Where upon Prentice suggests that any sound preacher can tell it what its "future state" will be without repentance.

A woman in Moscow, Illinois, caught her husband trying to commit suicide by hanging, and after cutting him down and resuscitating him she gave him a good thrashing which he richly deserved.

The revision of the registration lists in Texas, it is announced, has been closed.—The election for a Reconstruction Convention takes place this month.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND EDITION OF EATON'S FORMS.

THIS WORK, REVISED, ENLARGED AND improved by the author, is now in the hands of the subscriber for sale. It will be sold, for cash, on the following terms:

For a single copy	$8,00
" 2 copies each	7,50
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Feb 10-156-4t Raleigh, N C.

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in Barrels, and warranted first rate.
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Oats! Oats! Oats!

ONE Hundred Bushels prime Oats, for sale by
Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ANOTHER lot of Corn to-day to hand.
Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FOR RENT.

FOR the balance of the year, a HANDSOME RESIDENCE, well furnished, containing 8 Rooms. Furniture goes with the house. Good water, rich Garden, &c., &c.
Feb 8-155-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Cotton, Cotton.

PERSONS having CORTON to sell, will find it to their advantage, for the next ten days, to call on
Feb 8-155-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

No. 44, Fayetteville Street.

FRESH arrival of Western Empire Cook Stoves.

ALSO, ON HAND,

Air-tight, and Cast Iron Heating Stoves, Stove Pipe made to order.

ALSO,

All kind of Tin and Sheet Iron Work done at Short notice.

J. BROWN,
Feb 8-155-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

35 COMMERCE STREET,

Feb 8-tf Norfolk, Va.

King of the South Plows!

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

I AM HAVING MANUFACTURED, AND INtend to keep, a supply of the best one horse plows in the State, which I call the KING OF THE SOUTH,—using three points on the same plow, two of which are reversible, making them equal to five points. I refer to a large number of gentlemen, that have been using the plows in this and the adjoining counties

ALSO,

Family Groceries, Sole and Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Shoe Findings &c.

Always in store for sale as low as the lowest, for cash or country produce.

JORDAN WOMBLE,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
North side Hargett St., 5th. door from Fayetteville St.
Feb 8-155-dewaw1m.

PROSPECTUS OF THE WESTERN VINDICATOR.

ON or before the 1st. of March, prox, the undersigned will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title, in the town of Rutherfordton N. C.

The WESTERN VINDICATOR, as its name signifies, will be devoted to the support of Western interests and the dissemination of useful intelligence, selected with especial reference to the wants of the section it will labor to represent.

Politically, it will, for the present, adhere to no party organization; but will give a cheerful support to all measures looking to the speedy restoration of the Union—the preservation of the Constitution intact—the supremacy of the white race and the perpetuity of Republican liberty in America.

The "Vindicator" will have a larger circulation in Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland counties than any other newspaper. *Advertising rates low.*

Terms $3 per annum.

R. A. SHOTWELL,
Rutherfordton, N C

* * Gentlemen of the Press will confer a favor by noticing, and putting us upon their exchange lists at once.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

In Store and for Sale low.
100 Choice Maryland hams.
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

FARINA, FOX, EGG, MUSHROOM, SUGAR and Soda Crackers.
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

BOSTON AND CREAM BISCUIT.
Dried Beef and Beef Tongues
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

CAN PEACHES AND TOMATOES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

THE BIG SHOW COMING.

A NENORMOUS MORAL COMBINAtion of Instruction and Amusement will exhibit in RALEIGH

On Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 10th. and 11th. 1868,

AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.

Doors open at 2 and 8.

BARNUM'S DEPARTMENT

Combines a great number of specimens of various descriptions and character in the School of Natural History, which have been collected at the expense of the largest energy, indefatigable research and the most lavish outlay of money.

VAN AMBURG'S DEPARTMENT

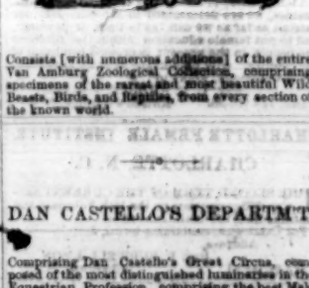
Consists [with numerous additions] of the entire Van Amburg Zoological Collection, comprising specimens of the rarest and most beautiful Wild Beasts, Birds, and Reptiles, from every section of the known world.

DAN CASTELLO'S DEPARTMT.

Comprising Dan Castello's Great Circus, composed of the most distinguished luminaries in the Equestrian Profession, comprising the best Male and Female Riders. A great Gratuitous Exhibition characterizes the entree of our Establishment in every place.

A Brilliant Street Pageant.

In this Grand Cavalcade and Moving Picture will appear a series of the most elaborately finished Chariots, gorgeously decorated Platform Cars, artistically finished Cages and Dens, containing the whole of the Zoological Collection, the Band Chariot of original design and resplendent decoration, called the "Throne of Apollo," and a Cavalcade, entitled the "Crusader's Triumph," consisting of over One Hundred and Fifty Mounted Knights, clad in Burnished Steel Armor, with their Banners, Pennons, and Insignia, and accompanied by their Ladies, in Costumes of Medieval Ages—all preceding the Crowning Feature of the Procession, a large living Lion, borne on the elevated platform of the Splendid Tableau Carriage—loose, unchained untrammelled and free, in the public streets. This sight forms the Great Sensation of the Times.



SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

First season in America of the Great Parisian Artiste and Equestrienne, late of the Cirque Imperiale, Mlle PAULINE, and the Child Wonder, LITTLE MINNIE, the youngest and most petite Equestrienne Performer in the world, whose remarkable skill and courage have elicited the most enthusiastic encomiums from the Press and the Public. Also, Mr. CHARLES FISH, the Great Bare-back Rider, who will execute his great SOMERSAULT act, at each performance.

Admission ..... 75c.
Children under Ten Years ..... 50c.

Will Exhibit also at

FRANKLINTON, Wednesday, Feb. 12th.

HENDERSON, Thursday, Feb. 13th.

Feb 3-150-6t

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS

$17,000,000,00.

WITH AN INCOME OVER

6,500,000.00,

SURPLUS ASSETS, DEDUCTING LIABILITIES, OVER

6,000,000,00.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 Policies

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are Larger than any other Company.

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one-half the premium is given, which, in case of death, is canceled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

Great care in the selection of risks;
Low rates of mortality;
Extremely low ratio of expenses to receipts;
Immense income for interest, and
Consequent large dividends, reduce assurance to its lowest possible cost.

All Policies Non-Forfeitable by their Terms,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

No notes are required after the fourth year.—Dividends paying half the premium thereafter.

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

☞ Any person seeking the safest and most ECONOMICAL PLAN should not fail to compare other companies represented in this State, with the *Connecticut Mutual*, as published in the reports of the insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.
Dec. 28-tf Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy*.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
*W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1,50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

Salt! Salt!

4,500 SACKS SALT, JUST RECEIVED per Barque *Dunkeld*, direct from Liverpool, for sale, low, from vessel, by
WILLARD BROS.,
Jan 8—128-1mi Wilmington.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—49m

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL OPEN ON Monday, the 17th. of February, and continue twenty weeks.

Board and Tuition, $95 per Session.

We have a corps of experienced and successful teachers.

For Circulars containing particulars, address
E. W. ADAMS, President.
Jan 25-142-diawawtM1

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by enabling himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass, and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Duck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

I have on hand 60 doz. Cans (qts.) PEACHES, at $5.00 per doz. and 75 doz. Cans (1 qts.) do at $20—all warranted sound. They are sealed with wax and the Cans are good for another season.

E. H. FOGUE,
Hillsboro, N. C.
Feb 3-150-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be the matter estimated at 12 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in time at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Scotch Snuff, at Manufacturers' prices,—Leather and Shoe Findings, &c: W. A. Falconer, Leather and Produce Commission Merchant, Fayetteville St.

Second Edition of Eaton's Forms, revised, enlarged and improved: Rufus H. Page, Raleigh, Agent.

COTTON.—It will be seen, by reference to our report of the local markets, that Cotton sold in this City, on Saturday, at excellent prices. The tendency is still upwards.

FINE APPLES—not so fine in appearance, but certainly so in flavor,—of the Mattamuskeet variety, may be obtained of D. C. Murray, Esq., at the store of Geo. T. Cooke, Fayetteville Street.

DAILY PRESS.—We are requested to announce that, on and after Monday, the *Press*, of this City, will be issued as an afternoon paper. It will be ready, each day, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

PETER S. NEY.—Another highly interesting article, concerning this mysterious and gifted individual, who taught school in the Western part of this State for many years, and who was supposed by some to be the veritable Marshal Ney, will be found on our fourth page, to-day. It is from the graphic pen of one of his old students.

SALEM SHOE FACTORY.—We gratefully acknowledge from our friend, E. A. Vogler, Esq., of Salem, the receipt of a nice pair of Balmoral Shoes, from Vogler & Co's. Shoe Factory, at Salem. They are nicely made and very substantial, and are superior to Northern manufacture, at the same prices. Success to all the mechanical enterprises of the State!

BOLD ROBBERY.—A bold robbery was committed, on the road leading to Stagville, Orange Co., 17 miles North-west of this City, on Friday. A negro, coming towards Raleigh, entered the residence of Mr. Robt. Gooch, and (the family being out somewhere about the premises at the time) stole a number of valuable articles. After the theft was discovered, the robber was followed up. Tidings were had of him, at several places where he offered some of the articles for sale, but he was not overtaken. He is described as a very tall mulatto, who calls himself Levi Pope.

"THIS IS A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT."—We learn that, throughout the North, metallic badges, bearing a likeness of Washington, and the above inscription, are being very generally worn. This is one of the indications showing the deep current of popular feeling.

MR. HOLDEN, we learn, claims the credit of procuring the release of Gov. Vance from the Old Capitol prison in Washington City. Doubtful. President Johnson only can tell. Mr. Holden, however, can, without doubt, claim the honor of having been the ungrateful instrument of getting him incarcerated. He has not forgotten that his paper urged the government to offer $25,000 for his arrest, when it was known that Gov. Vance was perfectly accessible and ready to answer the call of the government at any moment.

THE ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

We have never doubted that the Constitution made by the negroes of Alabama was to be made valid by Congress, *per fas aut nefas*. It is idle to count the votes. All that is necessary is to read what Forney's *Chronicle* says—to wit:

"THE ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

"A special dispatch from Montgomery, Ala., informs us that we shall lose tens of thousands of votes in the election now in progress on the adoption of the Constitution through the swollen condition of the creeks and the impassable condition of the roads, occasioned by the heavy rain of the last thirty six hours. This unfortunate occurrence is aggravated by the conduct of the new registrars, who have refused to provide boxes enough for all to vote. A later dispatch announces that in Lowndes county, having a registration of five thousand, only one box was opened, and that on Tuesday last only two hundred and fifty voted, though three thousand waited all day in the rain for that purpose.

"Tens of thousands of our friends are involuntarily placed in the ranks of our enemies through their inability to vote, because a vote not cast is cast against us. It is plain that an election conducted under such circumstances and conditions is worse than a farce, and it certainly cannot be regarded as valid. The duty to order or provide for a new one is too plain to need suggesting, and it will surely be done. The insufficiency of polling places is a difficulty which should be provided against in advance in the other Southern States.

"The law should really be changed so that a majority of the votes cast will serve to insure ratification, thus placing the friends of reconstruction on an equal vantage ground with its enemies, by compelling the latter, like the former, to go to the polls and vote, if they desire to enjoy the benefit of the right of suffrage."

REMARKS OF J. R. ELLIS, OF CATAWBA.

In the "Constitutional" Convention, on his resolution memorialising Congress to aid the President in an effort to test the Constitutionality of the Reconstruction Acts before the Supreme Court of the United States.

MR. PRESIDENT:—I offered these resolutions for the purpose of ascertaining whether it is the desire of the present representatives of the people of North Carolina, to have the machinery of the government of the United States remain, as it has heretofore, under the Constitution of our fathers, and as it has been handed down by them to us, or whether our system of government shall be changed in all or any of its fundamental principles, without its being done by the people, according to the forms prescribed by them in the Constitution itself.

Now, sir, I hold that the Constitution of this government, as formed by the Convention of the people of the old thirteen States, in 1787, and afterwards ratified by the people of said States, provides that there shall be, in this Government, three distinct departments or powers.

The Legislative is known as the Congress of the United States. Its duties and powers under the Constitution are too well known to every delegate on this floor to need any explanation whatever.

The Executive department consists of a President, with a cabinet of his own choice, whose duty it shall be to execute the laws and secure justice.

The Judicial department is composed of Judges, whose duty it shall be to make decisions on the Constitution and laws, and try all questions of law, when brought before it, by parties feeling themselves aggrieved. This judicial body is to determine the rights of persons and property. It is there where the constitutionality of laws are tested, as much in the interest of the law or the Government, as that of the individuals themselves.

Now, Sir, the Constitution provides for these three powers and *seats* in them separate and distinct rights. It was provided that the instruments or agents of these powers shall come into existence by the agency of some other source than that of the power itself. After this was accomplished, according to the provisions of the Constitution, these three powers began their operations, which were to continue for all time, unless the organic law should be changed by the people themselves, in the manner prescribed in the Constitution.

These three powers exist, or should exist, to-day, free and untrammelled by any power whatever, to be effective in producing the results for which they were created. I contend that the people have a right to appeal to any one of them, now, to relieve themselves of disabilities coming within the particular sphere of said power.

Now, sir, we all know that there are individuals, citizens of the United States, held in charge at this time by the strong arm of a military Government and otherwise, who are seeking a trial before the highest Judicial tribunal known to the Constitution, to wit: the Supreme Court of the United States, and that there are many others who are deprived of rights by Congressional enactment, who desire that the way to a hearing before said Court be not obstructed, in order that their cases may have a fair adjudication and justice be done them.

It is known that there are cases, at this time, admitted into the Court and considered by the Court to be entitled to a hearing, and upon which a decision is desired and demanded by the whole county, and which, perhaps, will soon be given, unless the power of the Court be taken away by the other branch of the Government, before such decision can be made known.

There is an effort now being made by the Congress to so cripple or hamper the Supreme Court, as will, most effectually, cut off all chances of obtaining justice from that only last resort, heretofore known to us and to our Constitution.

It is certainly contemplated, by a party in Congress, to override the Executive and to control the Judiciary, in such manner, that a majority of the Supreme Court cannot determine for itself any case, where any point in the case may involve the constitutionality of the Reconstruction acts; which will, if consummated, block the way and completely shut out the people from obtaining justice before a tribunal of their own making.

If this is to be carried out, what is the use of keeping up the show of a Supreme Court, at all—if decisions are to be directed by a majority of another branch of the government and that by the one that enacts the laws? Are any of our people ready to acknowledge that they belong to a party, that advocates this change in our ancient usages, that the law maker shall direct the decisions, or, in other words, sit in judgment upon the constitutionality of its own acts? I hope this is not to be understood as a part of the principles of progressive republicanism. If it is, God deliver me and my country from such principles! But I have more confidence in the people of North Carolina, than to believe such a monstrous revolutionary measure, by any of the departments of the government towards the others, having equal constitutional rights, would be sanctioned or even winked at by any number of them.

I think it of the greatest importance that there should be a general expression of opinion, on the part of the people and their representatives, protesting against such a course on the part of Congress, in its attempt to muzzle the Court, so that fair and impartial decisions, in former days so much respected by our people and those of other countries, may be changed and directed for political purposes and party ends.

I am aware, as every man must be, that there is a very bad feeling existing, and justly so, in all parts of this country, growing out of the embarrassments thrown in the way of the people, by a political minority of this government, who happen to have the reins in their hands at this time, and are availing themselves of rights never heretofore questioned. In almost every assemblage of persons these topics are discussed—often ending in feelings of great bitterness. I feel deeply impressed with the dangers that underlie the present state of things.

The whole country, both North and South, is becoming aroused and sensible of the eminent necessity of a proper adjustment of these difficulties by the proper authorities for making it. Let the Court give to the country a decision. Can it be had? Will the Radicals of North Carolina join in sustaining these three branches of the Government, unimpaired and unfettered by any power, save that of the people through the ballot box?

Then let us pass the resolutions. Let North Carolina declare, emphatically, that she is ready and willing to obey all laws passed by Congress, until they be repealed or pronounced void by the competent Court, but that she demands that there shall be no restrictions placed upon one branch of the Government, depriving its citizens of the benefits of the Constitution of our fathers being meted out to them by such power.

The President is willing and anxious that those wanting a trial shall have it; the Court is willing to determine the cases and has admitted some already for a hearing; but since the House of Representatives have passed an act requiring or permitting a minority of the Court to control the majority in its decisions, it seems to me that the people should take some measures to express their unqualified disapprobation of such a course, in order to prevent such a dangerous calamity as this would be to the liberties of the people of this country. Should it become a law and be carried out, as it would be by the military arm of the nation, which is now virtually under the control of the Congress, two of these powers would then be effectually disarmed of their Constitutional prerogatives, and the country placed wholly under one branch of the Government, or a part of it.

We have all read of despotism, of anarchy and of chaos, all of which we should contemplate with feelings of horror. In my judgment this is or would be the direct road to them.

It is a duty enjoined upon us, by every consideration of right, truth and justice, to prevent, if possible, by all the influence that we are capable of wielding, such a misfortune as the destruction of any one of the co-ordinate powers of this great nation.

We have just emerged from a war. The circumstances which gave birth to it have passed away, and there is no reason now for plunging the country into anarchy and ruin, which must be the result, if two or even one of the constitutional powers of the land be crushed.

Let the resolutions be passed and forwarded, and let the Congress know that the people of North Carolina disapprove of any restraints being thrown around the Supreme Court, and that it is the desire of this State that a decision, involving said reconstruction acts, be given to the country. This would do more, in my judgment, to promote harmony and good feeling, than a hundred laws to prevent it.

Charges are being constantly made against citizens, and when a trial is demanded, it is denied to them. Men are denounced as rebels, false swearers and obstructionists, (it matters not what may have been their devotion to the Union and the Constitution, heretofore,) because they happen to entertain the opinion that the reconstruction acts are not in accordance with the Constitution. Others are arrested under them, and, when they ask a trial, it is denied to them. Parties say they are willing to abide the decision of the Court, at the head of which is a Republican, but the Congress and its friends are and have been determined to prevent an opinion.—Will this House say it is willing to have it tested in the Court and ask Congress to try and secure an opinion, rather than prevent one?

It will be understood by all, that to prevent this simply amounts to a clear admission of the unconstitutionality of the acts. I cannot view it in any other light.

STATE NEWS.

——Sheriff Snow, of Halifax, has been notified to appear before the military authorities at Goldsboro, to answer some complaint in regard to his official duties.

——The Tarboro' *Southerner* says: "We feel authorized in asserting that none more utterly repudiate and condemn the present course of the Convention than Messrs. Dowd and Baker." We have not a doubt of *that*,—knowing those gentleman as we do.

——The editor of the Tarboro *Southerner* expresses himself perfectly delighted with the accommodations at the Yarborough House in this city, under the management of Blair.

——The Wilmington *Star*, referring to some up the recent proposed *legislation* of the co called Convention, says:

"Only think! Bastardy and Divorce in a *Constitutional* Convention! Why didn't some delegate suggest an improved method of breeding cats; or, a new style of making waterfalls! We are almost frantic to see what amendment to the Constitution will be next proposed."

——We regret to learn that the large Flour Mill, belonging to Maj. A. E. Erwin and Maj. Wilson, Chief Engineer of the Western N. C. Railroad, near Marion, McDowell County, was destroyed by fire some days since. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The owners of the Mill are gentlemen of energy and enterprise, and the loss falls heavily on them.

——Mr. Peyton Allman, through the columns of the Ashville *News*, withdraws from the Union League. He assigns the following excellent reasons for doing so.

"I was not aware at that time of the baseness of the party. I did not believe that they would advocate the Africanizing of our State. I had no idea that its leaders would perjure themselves, in order to obtain party offices; nor did I think that any man would have the hardihood to violate an oath publicly, and in the face of the whole community, as the board in this county have done, by their system of disfranchisement.

In the League I found men who, during the war, had pillaged my house, because I was a Union man. These turncoats are the leaders of the party in this county, and they will not let the voice of a real Union man be heard."

——The Asheville *News* suggests that a very profitable business could be established in that section by manufacturing Glass ware. All the materials necessary are to be found in abundance in the mountains. The *News* says:

"A large and profitable business is done at the North in making bottles for pickles, preserves, &c., and we have no doubt our people could compete successfully in that business, if proper energy and enterprise were put in action. The article of Apple Butter alone, put in jars, would be profitable, while the Pickle business could be made very profitable if glass jars and bottles could be procured nearer home. The Cauliflower, Brocoli, Cucumber, Bean, Carrot and Onion, grow as well in this country as in any part of the world, while pure apple or cider vinegar can be made as cheap as in any place. As we have, at present, no market for fresh vegetables, we throw out the hint to those who are inclined to try it."

Thurlow Weed, a strong Grant Republican, says of Congress:—"It a General offends them, they legislate him out of his commission. If the Supreme Court is supposed to hold the same opinion of certain laws of Congress that Thad. Stevens does, viz, that they are outside the Constitution, the Supreme Court is to be shorn of its power. If a Judge gives expression to his private views, he is to be impeached. It is all intolerance, bigotry, despotism."

The Memphis *Avalanche* announces that its editorial rooms will be temporarily removed to the county jail. The editor takes his revenge by styling Judge Hunter, who sentenced him for contempt, a "swindling vagabond," and announcing that he intends, "with our editorial pincers, to make the putrid flesh that covers the rotten bones of our persecutor quiver like a worm in hot ashes."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Noon Dispatches.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8, M.

The Ohio Legislature has adopted a resolution requesting the repeal of the Reconstruction Acts, and denunciatory of the pending Supreme Court Bills.

FIRE IN NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, Feb. 8, M.

Eight brick buildings, and one frame, including the *Journal* office and telegraph office, were consumed by fire last night.

Loss one hundred thousand dollars.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8, M.

Gold 1,42½. Money and Sterling steady.—Old Bonds 11½.

Flour quiet and steady.

Wheat dull and drooping.

Corn a cent better.

Pork a shade firmer, 22,75.

Cotton firm, 19@20.

Turpentine firm though irregular, 60@63.

LONDON, Feb. 8, M.

Consols 93¼. Bonds 71¾.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 8, M.

Cotton firm. Sales of 15,000 bales. Prices the same.

Breadstuffs quiet.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, P. M.

SENATE.—No session.

HOUSE.—The entire day was devoted to speeches

FROM WASHINGTON—IMPEACHMENT REVIVED—REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES,—THE X. P. G.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, P. M.

The Reconstruction Committee had a stormy session, but did nothing pointed.

Mr. Beck of Kentucky, is added to the sub-committee on the President's alleged violation of law, in forbidding Grant to obey Stanton.

This evening's *Express* says:

The feeling among the majority of the Committee is undoubtedly in favor of impeachment, and there is reason to believe that a resolution to this effect will shortly be reported to the House.

Before adjourning, to-day the Committee agreed to report a bill to remove the political disabilities, imposed by the Reconstruction Acts, of Gov. Holden, of North Carolina, Gov. ORR, of South Carolina, and Gen. Longstreet, of the late Confederate army. It is reported that Mr. Brooks moved to add the name of Gen. Beauregard, but the Committee refused to include him.

Revenue to-day $335,000.

A Committee from Cleaveland, Ohio, is coming here to secure the National Democratic Convention.

The sub-Committee of the Reconstruction Committee have power to send for persons and papers.

Among those summoned are Grant, the members of the Cabinet, including Stanton, J. B. Stillson, of the New York *World*, and five members of Grant's staff.

Gen. Grant failed to appear, though the first summoned, this afternoon, and the Committee examined Wilson.

The Territorial Committee of the Senate will report in favor of Colorado's admission.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Feb. 8, P. M.

The section authorizing the Legislature to create a Bureau of Agriculture and Immigration was adopted.

A long debate occurred on the immigration part of the section, which was both opposed and urged on the Republican side.

A Conservative urged that legislation barring immigration, because of the antagonism between the laborers of the two races, was calculated to inaugurate a war of races. A colored delegate, in reply, said that if such a war came, it would not be inaugurated by the blacks.

SOUTH CAROLINA CONVENTION.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 6, P. M.

The Convention is still on the Bill of Rights.

FENIANS.

CORK, IRELAND, Feb. 8, P. M.

A desperate attempt was made to rescue the Fenian Capt. Mackay, who was captured, to-day. The police beat off the mob.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8, P. M.

Cotton firmer, but less active. Sales of 3,000 bales at 20.

Turpentine 60@60½. Rosin $3@5.

Gold 1,42½. Sterling dull.

Tennessee Bonds closed at 57½.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 8, P. M.

Cotton firm, at 19@20.

Flour firm.

Wheat dull, and steady.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 8, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine buoyant. Rosin steady; No. 2, 2,25.

Cotton advanced ¼ cent. Middling 17¼. Tar firm at 2,20.

LONDON, Feb. 8, P. M.

Securities unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Feb 8, P. M.

Cotton closed active and higher. Sales of 10,000 bales. Uplands on spot 8@8¼; to S. Orleans 8¼@8¾.

20 BOXES FACTORY CHEESE, EXPECTED daily At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 8-150-1f

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S ENGLISH Chow-Chow, Picalli, Cauliflower and Durham Mustard.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 8-150-1f

VERY OLD SCUPPERNONG WINE.
Feb 6-152-1f W H JONES & CO.

DRY HIDES.

WANTED A LARGE QUANTITY OF DRY Hides.
Feb 5-152-1f W. H. JONES & CO.

200 BUSHELS Corn

100 Bushels Oats.
200 Bushels Irish Potatoes.
40 Sacks N. C. Flour.
25 Barrels Northern Flour.
5000 lbs. Bacon.
For sale by
Feb 5-152-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

20 BOXES CHOICE FACTORY, JUST ARrived.
Jan 25-142-1f W. H JONES & CO.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I AM PREPARED TO ACCOMMODATE FIFteen or twenty members of the Convention. Also transient persons My terms are moderate.
Jan. 15-142-1f GEORGE T COOKE

LOST.

IN the City of Raleigh, on Friday, the 31st Jan., 1868, my POCKET-BOOK containing two notes; one note payable after date, by Peterson Dunn, amount $175.60, Oct. 17th 1867. The other payable after date, by Nathaniel Dunn to J. H. Norwood; amount $92.00

I will give a liberal reward for them, and forewarn all persons trading for them.

JAS. W. NORWOOD,
Feb 5-150-1w* Raleigh.

SPECIAL NOTICES

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat, Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Oct. 28-80-eod4m

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb 1-149-law3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

North Carolina Land Agency.

HAVING ASSOCIATED MYSELF WITH GEN. J. D. IMBODEN, of the City of Richmond, Va., to whose card below I refer the public,

FOR THE SALE OF LANDS, MINES, &c.,

in North Carolina, I invite those persons in the State, having such property for sale, to address me at Reidsville, N. C., and steps will be taken, at once, to call the attention of Northern capitalists to all such property.
Jan. 9th, 1868. D. W. COURTS.

Virginia Central Land Agency.

I HAVE VERY RECENTLY PERFECTED THE organization necessary to conduct, on the largest scale, the business of selling,

Lands, Mills, Mines, Furnaces, Water-Powers, &c.

Mr. partner, Colonel R. J. PAGE, is in charge of our office in New York. In Philadelphia and Baltimore, I have Associates of the highest respectability and responsibility.

And for the sale of Lands, Mines, &c. in North Carolina, I am associated with D. W. COURTS, Esq., of Reidsville, for many years State Treasurer of N. C.

The facilities this Agency offers for the sale of Lands are not surpassed in the South. In regard to Mines of all kinds, I have made contracts with parties in the cities North of this, who make that branch of the business a specialty, both in this country and Europe, securing to me the widest possible field of operations, and in this city I have the aid and services of that accomplished Mineralogist and Assayer, Col. WILLIAM GILHAM, for the prompt analysis of all minerals that may be sent to me,—thus determining the value of mines, before they are offered for sale.

TERMS.—For selling lands, five per cent commission on all sales actually made, but no charge whatever, unless a sale is effected. For Mines, an additional contingent fee, the subject of contract in each case, and payable out of proceeds of sale.

Reference is made to public men generally throughout the State, with most of whom I have the pleasure of being personally acquainted.
Jan. 9—129-1f J. D. IMBODEN.

FOR RENT.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. TERMS MODERate.
Apply to
Feb 7-154-1f MRS. A. M. GORMAN.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES, GENTS, BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-1f

New York & N. C. Steamship Line.

CONNECTING WITH THE

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD,

AND

N. C. GRAND TRUNK R. R.

WEST.

Shortest Line North!

This Line is now composed of the following First Class Steamships, sailing every five days:

ELLEN S. TERRY ..... W. H. Chapin.
EL CID ..... D. S. Hebart.
LOUISA MOORE ..... G. W. Wallace.

These ships have all been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and are now in splendid order. Shippers may rely on their sailing promptly as advertised.

For information, Freight or Passage, apply to WHITFORD, DILL & CO., Agents, No 5. Craven Street, Newbern, N. C.
Feb 4-151-2w

J. M. TATE,

WITH

PORTER, DAY & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

Wm. Smith Brown & Co.,

AND

PORTER & HIGBY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,

53 Chambers Street,

Feb. 1-149 2w* NEW YORK.

NORTH CAROLINA

Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS INstitution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Science and Languages and the Commercial Course it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from

GEN'L. R. E. COLSTON, Supt.
Hillsboro' N. C.

Application for admission should be made early.
Dec. 20—114-tf

GREEN APPLES.

JUST to hand and for sale by
Feb 5-152-1f W. H. JONES & CO.

WANTED.

A SMALL FARM in the vicinity of Raleigh, with comfortable dwelling and necessary Out-houses. Furnish description, &c. by letter to the party desiring to purchase.
Jan 29-146-1f W. H JONES & CO.

For Sale.

NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.
Jan. 17-145-1f W. H. JONES & CO.

Henry T. Jordan,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

ROXBORO', N. C.

WILL ATTEND THE COURTS OF PERSON, Caswell and Granville. Special attention given to collecting, to cases in BANKRUPTCY and to all matters in U. S. Circuit Court.
Dec. 27-ow3m.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH EAST STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	62
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	20
" Wilmington	27
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	20
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	11
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	97½
Old Notes	70
Exchange on New York	4

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

S. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, on receipt, or in New York funds at par.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 62
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxborough	27
" Wadesborough	55
" Thomasville	24
" Wilmington	55
" Commerce	14
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	5
" Wilmington	36
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " (new.)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank	38

Jan 16-135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	15@17
LEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	13@15
CHICKENS, Spring	15@35
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	25@30
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 20@1 50
HERRINGS	4@ 5@10
HIDES—Green	6c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 35@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Black	1 25@1 50
" White	1 50@2 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 40@2 50
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	@ 5.00@ 6.00

REMARKS.

Cotton active and in demand; sold to-day, (Saturday) at 13 and 15 cents.

Pork scarce; sold to-day at 12½.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

THE GROWTH OF 1867!

Warranted Fresh and Genuine.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, BLOOMSDALE, NEAR PHILADELPHIA. These seed are warranted *fresh* and *genuine*,—are neatly put in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.
Apply at N. C. Bookstore,
Feb 4-151 J. H ENNIS, Bookseller.

FOR 1868!

A SEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.
Feb 4-151-tf J. H. ENNIS, Bookseller.

CASH FOR COUPONS AND INTEREST ON DEBT

OF NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD CO.

ALL PERSONS, HOLDING COUPONS OFF any of the Bonds issued by the company, are hereby notified that the same will be paid, if presented at the Office of the Co.; and interest, at the rate of six per cent per annum, will be allowed thereon, from the time they were due to the first day of February 1868, after which date interest will cease. The United States tax of five per cent will be retained.

The interest on all Bonds given for money borrowed will be paid every six months if presented.

All persons, having unliquidated claims against the Company, are hereby notified to present them to the Secretary of the Company, for adjustment, and, on their failing to do so, on or before the first day of April, 1868, they will find their demands resisted by every means in the power of the Board of Directors.

W. A. CALDWELL, Treasurer.

The Register, Standard and Press will insert three times and send their respective papers.

ANOTHER

LOT Cockads City Ale, just to hand.
Feb 4-152-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, (NOT STOCKHOLDERS,) THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

THE EQUITABLE has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOSWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BRESSLER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO., Charlotte N. C.,
Jan. 11—131-tf General Agents for N. C.

RAILROADS.

Notice to Shippers of Spirits Turpentine!

THE SEABOARD

INLAND AIR LINE,

VIA PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

IS NOW PREPARED TO SHIP

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

To Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, its Steamers having been arranged for that purpose.

THIS AIR LINE ROUTE, FROM THE FACT of its avoiding trans-shipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.

In shipping from the Northern cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.

From Boston, Merchants and Miners' Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.

From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Co., Pier 37, North river. M. L. McKenzie, Jr., Atlantic Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

Annasemic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.

From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock, R. L. Poor, Agent.

All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to
JAS. McCALLICK, Trans Ag't,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

THE SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD AND BAY LINE, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to all parts of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantee safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. GHIO,
Sup't Transportation, S. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH,
Jan. 6—136-2m Sup't Bay Line Steamers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.

ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS.

VICE PRESIDENT, WM. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE.

DIRECTORS:

John Enders,	Henry K. Ellyson,
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Samuel S. Cottrell,	H. E. C. Baskerville,
John Dooley,	Samuel C. Tardy,
Charles T. Wortham,	George Jacobs,
William Willis, Jr.	J. W. Allison,
Ed. A. Smith,	George S. Palmer,
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R. H. Dibrell,	George L. Bidgood,
William H. Palmer,	Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
LEXINGTON, N. C.
Jan 28-146-tf

Fruit Trees! Fruit Trees!!

FROM "New Garden Nurseries," now on hand and ready for planting.

As Agents for the proprietors, Messrs J. Lindley & Son, we can fill orders for Fruit Trees, V

DAILY SENTINEL.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868.

For the Sentinel.

MARSHAL NEY.

MOCKSVILLE, N. C., Jan. 30, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In your paper of the 25th inst., I saw a communication headed "Marshal Ney." The person alluded to was Peter S. Ney, who, also, taught school for many years, in Davie (then Rowan) and Iredell counties. It was thought by many that he was actually Marshal Ney; but who he was and from whence he came has been left in doubt and has created considerable interest and enquiry in this community. He would, sometimes, drink to excess, and while in that condition he did tell a few persons that he was Marshal Ney; but was silent on the subject when he was sober. He told me, on one occasion, that he was Marshal Ney—giving an account of his trial, condemnation and escape to America. I have since investigated the matter with all the lights that I could get, and have come to the conclusion that it might be possible, but hardly probable. I am very certain that he was a Frenchman of note, an exile from his country, and I think likely an officer of distinction; for he had a frightful scar on his head from a sabre cut, and a musket ball in the leg. He was a fine scholar, a polished gentleman, and had a reputation, as a teacher, surpassed by no one in the State. He has frequently told me that he was a Frenchman, that he had been in the wars with Napoleon—in what battles he was wounded—that he had been banished from France—that he had children (and I think a wife) there—and that he fully believed that he would be again restored to his family and country; for he would say, that when young Napoleon should come to manhood, the French nation would call him to France and the Empire.

In October, 1832, I went to the school-room one morning and found him walking the floor in great excitement, and apparently in a great agony of mind. He said that he was a ruined man—his hopes of again seeing family and home were forever blasted—that he had for years lived in hopes of again being restored to loved ones left behind and to France; but that now all was lost, that he would have to die a stranger in a strange land; for young Napoleon was dead, and with him died his hopes of home and country. I have often seen persons grieve, but have never seen grief more intense or agony of mind greater. Since that time I have spent many thoughtful moments on the subject. Why should the death of young Napoleon, (himself an exile,) bring such deep anguish upon such a great intellect, unless he had great hopes to be realized in the future?

Nearly 50 years ago, a party of men had met in this place, (then consisting of but a few houses,) drinking and talking politics; words ran high, and as tempers rose one of the party drew his dagger, seized his adversary by the collar, swore he must retract or he would thrust him through. His friends would not interfere; no one else dared to come to the rescue. Just then a stranger stepped in, remarking—"kill a man unarmed, without a chance to defend himself!" stepped forward and released the affrighted politician. All hands gathered around him to applaud and admire the gallant stranger. In that crowd he had made many friends, and to the day of his death he had no truer, warmer friend, than the fighting politician. All were anxious to know that gallant stanger, from whence he came and no formal introduction to that crowd; he must stop, make his home amongst them, and teach their children. He stopped, took up school and taught until his death, in this and adjoining Counties; acquiring a reputation for teaching that is rarely attained by the most gifted. In 1832, I saw a roving Frenchman meet up with him and offer an insult; and, though an old man, as quick as thought he sprang to his feet, and if I could, I would describe the working of his powerful frame and manly countenance, as the cowardly intruder quailed before him, and, as the boys say, took leg ball and ran, and, when jeered by the crowd, said he ran off to get the cut of his eye. I can give no better idea of the appearance of Peter S. Ney than the one given of Marshal Ney, after a difficulty between him and Murat in the attack on Ulm, when Marshal Ney "laid hold on Murat's arm, and shaking him violently before the whole staff and before the Emperor himself, said haughtily, 'Come Prince, come along with me and make your plans in the face of the enemy.' Then galloping to the Danube, he went amidst a shower of ball and grape, having the water up to his horse's belly, to direct the perilous operation assigned him."

And again, at the battle of Friedland, when Napoleon, grasping the arm of Marshal Ney, and pointing to Friedland, ordered him to drive the Russians into the river Alle, when "Ney, boiling with ardour, proud of the formidable task assigned him, set out at a gallop to arrange his troops.—Struck with his martial attitude, Napoleon, addressing Marshal Mortier, said, That man is a lion."

All the descriptions I have seen of Marshal Ney, would answer well for P. S. Ney, except the height. Marshal Ney, I think, was spoken of as being tall and commanding. P. S. Ney was only about 5 feet 8 or 8 inches high. Who the gallant Frenchman was, will, in all probability, remain unknown. I can give no higher tribute to his memory, than to say, that he died regretted and beloved by his numerous students.—Peace be to his ashes!

STUDENT.

MISCELLANEOUS

CHARLESTON HOTEL,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-133-3m Proprietor.

HENRY GWYNN, late of Baltimore, | S. S. COTTEN, late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR., late of S. Carolina.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

105 West Lombard Street,

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GUANO, MEDIAPOSPHATE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.
sept. 30—45-ox12Mwfsu

NIGHT SENTINELS,

TO GUARD your premises, at night, for sale by
Feb 3-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. SMITH'S corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28—97-tf

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—73-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion. A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c., At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

Will be Sold Without Reserve!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO,

200 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

75 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS.

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

GENT'S AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Jan 14-133-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.
Jan 14-133-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-4m

LARD! LARD!

Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb. buckets.
" " " 10 " tins.
" " " 100 " kegs.

For sale by
Dec. 17—113-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TWO Convenient and desirable HOUSES AND LOTS in the Western Ward of the City, on McDowell Street.

Also, a HOUSE AND LOT, on Fayetteville Street. This is good property. Apply, for information, at the

SENTINEL OFFICE.

Raleigh, Jan 29-148-tf

FRESH SEEDS.

We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Broccli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For Cash.

JORDAN & CARR
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 68, Greensboro, N. C.

Jan 27-143-3m

APPLE BUTTER!

500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. APPLE BUTTER, in Kits, received this day.

Jan 28-124-tf W. H. JONES, & CO.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 26-148-tf

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board per Day $2.00.

Liberal deductions made on board by the week or month.

Rooms large, comfortable, and well furnished. Fare good.

Jan 15-132-tf

THE

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD.

ASSETS OVER $7,000,000.

PAID POLICIES BY DEATH, IN NORTH CAROLINA, $33,000.

Judge E. A. BULKELEY, President. | T. O. ENDERS, Secretary.

W. H. CROW,

MANAGER AND GENERAL AGENT

FOR THE STATE OF

NORTH CAROLINA AND PART OF VIRGINIA,

IN COMPARING THIS COMPANY WITH FORTY-TWO COMPANIES, AND BY THE REPORT of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts, the following facts appear, under OFFICIAL ENDORSEMENT:

1st. The Ætna issued more policies than either of forty other Companies. More than four times the average, AND NEARLY ONE-TENTH OF ALL.

2nd. That excluding Capital, the Ætna's ratio of Assets to Liabilities is larger than that of twenty-nine Companies, AND MORE THAN THE AVERAGE OF ALL.

3rd. That the Ætna's receipts are larger than those of either of thirty-eight other Companies, and more than three times the average, and more than ONE-THIRTEENTH OF all.

4th. That the Ætna's ratio of expenses to receipts is less than that of twenty-nine other Companies, and less than the average of all.

5th. That the Ætna's ratio of increase in premium receipts to its cost, is greater than that of any other Company, and four times the average. [See table "C," in Insurance Report.]

6th. That the Ætna's ratio of losses is sixteen per cent less than the average.

7th. That the Ætna's ratio per cent. of increase in Assets is greater than that of any other Company, and more than four times the average.

It will be observed from these comparisons that many Companies do not make as good a showing as the Ætna, although they are unquestionably reliable.

The "ÆTNA" is an old and well-tried institution, and the above extract from the highest official authority upon the subject of Life Insurance commends the Company at once to the thoughtful and serious enquirer, who wishes to make A CERTAIN provision for those depending upon him.

The Ætna loans her customers one-half the premium as long as life lasts, at six per cent., if desired, and gives no restrictions in location or travel in the United States, at any season of the year, and pays her members the

LARGEST DIVIDEND

of any Company doing business in this state, and is PERMANENTLY LOCATED HERE; has paid more Revenue into the STATE TREASURY than any other Company, and paid more money to Widows and Orphans than any other, and therefore, with all of these facts, well deserves the largest patronage, and IS RECEIVING IT.

The ÆTNA, being a STOCK COMPANY, gives all the benefit of dividends to her insured and none of the liabilities usual in "Mutual insurance."

Six per cent interest is allowed upon the Capital Stock of $150,000, and the balance of the profit goes to the insured, which profit or dividend is larger than any other Company doing business in the State.

The ÆTNA has over

$14,000,000

ABOVE LIABILITIES.

A VERY IMPORTANT FACT.

THE ÆTNA IS A STRANGER TO LITIGATION.

HAS NEVER REFUSED TO RENEW A POLICY LAPSED DURING THE WAR.

AND

HAS 45,000 MEMBERS.

Any other facts will be cheerfully imparted in the office, over the Store of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.

Jan. 4—135

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit, —worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times.

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—60-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S
Gent's Outfitting Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED,

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,

SOLE LEATHER VALISES,

MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's

Gent's Furnishing Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

SUGARS!!!

A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by
Jan 23—140-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell,
Seaton Gales, } Editors.

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.

The principal markets will be regularly published,

and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,	$10 00
" " six months,	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,	4 00
" " six months,	2 00
" " three months,	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people. The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Dec. 28th., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook
Sheet Lead,	Stove,
Lead Pipe,	Patapsco Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Uni-
Terra Cotta Pipe,	verse Cook,
Brass Cocks,	Beebe Range,
Plated Cocks,	European Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath	Magee Range,
Tubs,	Spence Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with	Emerald Range,
Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett &
Water Closets,	Co's Portable Furnaces,
Iron and China Basins,	Magee Furnaces, Por-
Hydrants,	table and Brick
Pumps,	Parlor, Church and
Rams, Fountains,	Stoves in great variety.
Water Wheels,	All the different styles
Garden Vases,	of Grates,
Water-Coolers,	High Up and Low
Refrigerators, &c.	Down Portable
	Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

FAMILY FLOUR!

A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by
Jan 21-132-1w LYNN ADAMS.

Important Order from Gen. Canby.

HEADQ'RS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT,
CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 104.

I. Paragraph II of General Orders No. 10, from the Headquarters of the Second Military District, dated April 11, 1867, is modified as follows:

SUITS FOR DEBT.

Judgments or decrees for the payment of money on causes of action arising in North Carolina between the 20th of May, 1861, and the 20th day of April, 1865, and in South Carolina between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the 20th day of April, 1865, shall not be enforced, by execution, against the person or property of the defendant. Proceedings for such causes of action now pending, shall be stayed, and no suit or process shall be instituted or commenced on such causes of action until after the civil government of the respective States shall be established in accordance with the laws of the United States.

Paragraph III of the same order is modified as follows:

EXECUTIONS.

Sheriffs, coroners and constables are hereby directed to suspend the sale of all property upon execution, or process under any judgment or decree of a court of the so-called Confederate States, or of the State of North Carolina, rendered between the 20th day of May, 1861, and the organization of the provisional government of said State, under the President's proclamation of the 29th day of April, 1865, or of the State of South Carolina, rendered between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the organization of the provisional government of the said State, under the President's proclamation of the 30th day of June, 1865, unless the written consent of the defendant be entered of record, and except in cases where the plaintiff or his attorney, upon oath, supported by corroborative testimony, shall allege that the defendant is disposing of, removing, or about to remove, his property beyond the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to defraud his creditors: *provided*, that no such judgment, so rendered, within the periods aforesaid, shall be a bar to the commencement, in a State court, of a new suit upon the same cause of action in any case in which, by law, the defendant may remove or appeal the same to a court of the United States.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

The sale of real or personal property by foreclosure of mortgage, is likewise suspended in the cases embraced in paragraphs II and III, of said order No. 10 as above amended, except in cases where interest money accruing subsequent to the 29th. of April, 1865, shall not have been paid before the day of sale, and all previous restrictions on such sales are revoked.

Paragraph IV of the same order is modified by substituting the 29th. day of April, 1865, for the 18th. day of May, 1865.

Paragraph V of the same order is modified as follows:

SUITS ON BONDS DEBTS.

All proceedings for the recovery of money on contracts, whether under seal or by parol, the consideration of which was the purchase of slaves, made subsequent to the 1st. day of January, 1864, are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered for such causes of action shall not be enforced.

Paragraph VII of the same order is modified as follows:

HOMESTEADS.

In all sales of property under execution or by order of any Court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances, and (if in the country) twenty acres of land, or so much thereof that the whole shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand dollars, and in a town or city, the immediate lot upon which such dwelling house is situated; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence and implements of husbandry, trade, or other employment, to the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families. In other cases the exemption shall extend only to clothing and implements of trade or employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of two hundred dollars. The exemptions hereby made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of any defendant who has a family dependent upon him or her for support, and the exempted property shall be ascertained and defined by the Sheriff or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall call to his aid two impartial citizens to make the necessary appraisement, and shall make report thereof to the Court.

ARREST FOR FRAUDULENT DEBTS.

Paragraph X is hereby modified so as to authorize arrest in civil actions ex contractu only in cases where the demand is past due, and the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting [illegible] his property, or is about to do so, with intent to defraud his creditors, or is about to leave the State with such intent.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES.

Paragraph XVI, is amended by adding thereto: All proceedings in any court of North Carolina, or South Carolina, recognizing or sanctioning the investment of the funds of minor heirs, or of females, or of insane persons, in the securities of the late rebel government, or the securities of the States of North Carolina or South Carolina, created for the purpose of carrying on war against the Government of the United States, will be suspended until the question of the validity of such investments shall have been determined by the courts of the United States, or by national legislation. And nothing in the provisions of this order, or of the order No. 10 above cited, shall be held to bar or hinder the recovery, by suit, of the estate of any minor heir, female or insane person, (*estate qua trust*), whether in the hands of executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, masters or clerks of equity courts, and other fiduciary agents, or invested by them in their fiduciary character.

DISTILLERIES.

II. General Order 25, of May 20, 1867, is revoked; and on and after the first day of January, 1868, the distillation of spirituous liquors in this Military District will be subject to such restrictions only as are imposed by the laws of the United States and of the States of North and South Carolina, respectively.

BAR ROOMS.

III. Paragraphs VI and VII of General Orders No. 52, dated May 30, 1867, are revoked, and the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors is remitted to the proper local authorities, to take effect on and after the 1st. day of January, 1868, and to be subject to the following conditions:

1. The municipal authorities granting the license shall be answerable that the parties to whom such licenses are granted, together with their sureties, shall be responsible persons and of good moral standing in the community, and that both principal and sureties shall be able to qualify individually in double the amount of the bond required, and that the bond shall be a lien upon the personal property of both principal and sureties, and upon proof of default shall warrant the summary seizure and sale of so much of the property of either or both as may be necessary to satisfy the forfeiture or fine and costs.

2. Drunkenness or disorderly conduct on the premises shall work the forfeiture of the license and of the penalty of the bond.

3. The owner or keeper of any bar-room, saloon or other place at which intoxicating liquors are sold, and all other persons interested or connected therewith, shall be regarded as principals in any action of damages growing out of any assault, riot, affray or other disorder occurring on the premises, or directly traceable thereto.

4. All bar-rooms, saloons or other places at which intoxicating liquors are sold, shall be closed on the day or days of any general or local election, and for the twelve hours next preceding the opening and next succeeding the closing of the polls at such election; and the sheriffs of counties and districts and the chief of police of cities and towns shall have power to direct the closing of bar-rooms and other places for the sale of intoxicating liquors, whenever it may be necessary in their judgment to preserve order and quiet.

5. The proceeds of all licenses, forfeitures and fines, under the local regulations or under the provisions of military orders, will be devoted to the support of the poor, and as soon as realized will be turned over to the Commissioners or Overseers of the poor of the District County, City or Town in which they are accrued, and the Commissioners or Overseers will at the end of each month report to the Provost Marshal-General of the District the amount received by them during the month, specifying the name of the parties from whom it was received.

6. The penalties imposed by this order or by the local police regulations, may be enforced in any civil or military Court, and upon conviction the Court may award to the informer a sum not exceeding fifty per-cent. of the forfeiture or fine. And it is made the duty of all Sheriffs, Constables, and Coroners of Counties and Districts, and the police of cities and towns, to be vigilant in the enforcement of the police regulations and the provisions of this order in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The provisions of this paragraph will be held to apply to such licenses granted under General Orders No. 32, to inn-keepers, as remain unexpired after the first of January, 1868.

DISTRICT COURTS.

IV. To promote the speedy trial of prisoners confined for minor offences, and diminish the cost of their maintenance, all committing magistrates will, on the 15th. and last days of each month, report to the judge of their county or District Court all commitments made by them during the preceding half month, specifying the date of commitments, the names of the prisoners, and the offences for which they were committed, to the end that the judges may, whenever in their opinion the number of prisoners or other considerations of public interest call for it, hold [illegible] of their courts, for the purpose of disposing of such cases. The additional expense of holding [illegible] special terms will be a charge upon the State Treasury, and the accounts therefor will be audited and paid as accounts of a similar character are now audited and paid, and if the salaries now paid the judges should be inadequate in view of the additional labor performed by them, a reasonable addition, upon proper representations through the Governor of the State, will be allowed.

PILOTAGE.

V. The pilotage regulations now existing in the States of North and South Carolina are so far modified that, on and after the first day of March, 1868, all passenger steam vessels, regulated by the laws of the United States, and carrying a pilot commissioned by United States Commissioners, shall be exempt from the compulsory payment of pilotage.

NORTH CAROLINA POLL TAX.

VI. So much of the act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, entitled "An act to raise monies," ratified on the 26th. day of February, 1867, as makes it the duty of all persons and corporations to list and pay the [poll] tax of such personsliable to the same, as are in their employment, on the 1st. day of April of each year, as laborers," is rescinded, and hereafter all individual taxes will be assessed directly upon and collected directly from the individuals from whom they are due: *provided*, that the provisions of this order shall not apply to the taxes levied for the current year except that double poll tax shall not be enforced if the original tax be paid on or before the 1st. day of March, 1868.

By command of Brevet Major General EDWARD R. S. CANBY:

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aid-de-Camp, Act'g Ass't Adj't Gen'l.

OFFICIAL: LOUIS V. CAZIARC, A. D. C. A. A. G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES H. ENNISS,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

(TURNER'S OLD STAND)

Raleigh, N. C.,

Will supply any order for any Book or Music, at Publisher's lowest cash prices.

☞ Has the largest stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, etc., for sale in the State

☞ BLANK BOOKS and BINDING done to order.

Dec. 31—124-tf

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,

FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEEP-MUSIC, &c.

Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.

Plain styles 50cts., ornamental 75cts. Send on your orders.

Address, R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

Salt! Salt! Salt!

8,000 SACKS OF SALT, DIRECT IMportation from Liverpool, for sale by
WILLARD BROS.,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.,
Dec. 10—166-3m Wilmington.

A FARM IN EXCHANGE FOR A CITY RESIDENCE.

Will be Exchanged for a Residence in Raleigh,

A GOOD FARM OF 600 ACRES,

IN Franklin County, 5 miles from the R. & G. R. R. Handsome, healthy location. Has an orchard of 1,800 choice Fruit Trees, and a fine variety of Grapes.

The dwelling large and convenient, with all necessary out buildings. An excellent location for a Physician or Retired

Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

1,000 LBS. No. 1, N. C. BUCKWHEAT Flour.

Just received.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 28-142-tf

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—41 WM E PELL, Proprietor.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY

PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271. Sole Agent for N. C.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press says so; and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a class of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1.50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, two cents, mailed free.

Nov. 2—75-tf

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings, (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature. No person of refinement, connected home, who fairly of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 20 cents each; numbers as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5.50; three copies $7.50; five copies, $10, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premium to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.

Nov. 2—75-tf